

## Some Practice Questions (Solutions)

T/F

- ① True      ② true (If  $(x-a)$  is a factor of  $P(x)$  then  $P(a)=0$ )
- ③ True since  $P(\frac{3}{2})=0$       ④ True. ( $P(x)=d(x) \cdot q(x) + r(x)$ )

MC

⑤ B:  $k = -3$

- ⑥ A constant function is a function that satisfies  $f(x)=c$ , for some constant  $c$  and all numbers  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Which constant functions are even functions? Are there any constant functions that are odd functions?

All constant functions are even functions.

The constant function  $f(x)=0$  is both even and odd.

Can the sum of an odd function and an even function be odd? Even? Explain.

- ⑦ The sum of an odd function and an even function cannot be even or odd unless one of the functions is  $y=0$

Let  $f(x)$  be even and  $g(x)$  be odd and

let  $h(x) = f(x) + g(x)$

- ① If  $h(x)$  is even, then

$$h(-x) = h(x)$$

$$f(-x) + g(-x) = f(x) + g(x)$$

$$f(x) - g(x) = f(x) + g(x)$$

$$2g(x) = 0, \quad g(x) = 0.$$

- ② If  $h(x)$  is odd, then  $h(-x) = -h(x)$

$$f(-x) + g(-x) = -f(x) - g(x)$$

$$f(x) - g(x) = -f(x) - g(x)$$

$$2f(x) = 0, \quad f(x) = 0$$