

Given the line $(x, y, z) = (5, -2, -3) + t(9, 3, -2)$,
 $t \in \mathbb{R}$ and the plane $3x - 5y + 7z = 8$,
find the point(s) of intersection.

Solution:

① Analysis: for line $\vec{d} = (9, 3, -2)$

for plane $\vec{n} = (3, -5, 7)$

$$\vec{d} \cdot \vec{n} = (9, 3, -2) \cdot (3, -5, 7) = 27 - 15 - 14 = -2 \neq 0$$

$\therefore \vec{d} \not\perp \vec{n}$ and the line will intersect
the plane at one point.

② To find the point:

$$\text{line: } \begin{cases} x = 5 + 9t \\ y = -2 + 3t \\ z = -3 - 2t \end{cases}$$

Sub into equation of the plane
and solve for t :

$$3(5 + 9t) - 5(-2 + 3t) + 7(-3 - 2t) = 8$$

$$15 + 27t + 10 - 15t - 21 - 14t = 8$$

$$4 - 2t = 8, \quad 2t = -4$$

$$t = -2$$

Intersection is at

$$(x, y, z) = (5, -2, -3) + (-2)(9, 3, -2)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (-13, -8, 1).$$